

Homework Solution

Section 4.5b

Undetermined Coef.
(149) 1, 4, 12, 19, 26

1) ① $y'' + 3y' + 2y = 0 \Rightarrow (D^2 + 3D + 2)y_H = 0$

$\Rightarrow (D+2)(D+1) = 0 \Rightarrow D = -2, -1$

$\Rightarrow \boxed{y_H = c_1 e^{-2x} + c_2 e^{-x}}$

② $\boxed{y_C = A}$

④ $y'' = 0, y' = 0 \Rightarrow y_C'' + 3y_C' + 2y_C = 2A = 6 \Rightarrow A = 3$

$\therefore \boxed{y_C = 3}$

⑤ $\boxed{y = c_1 e^{-2x} + c_2 e^{-x} + 3}$

12) ① $y_H'' - 16y_H = 0 \Rightarrow (D^2 - 16)y_H = 0$

$\Rightarrow (D+4)(D-4)y_H = 0 \Rightarrow D = \pm 4$

$\therefore \boxed{y_H = c_1 e^{4x} + c_2 e^{-4x}}$

② $\boxed{y_C = Ax^{4x}}$ $\Rightarrow \boxed{y_C = Axe^{4x}}$

④ $y_C' = Ae^{4x} + 4Axe^{4x}, y_C'' = 4Ae^{4x} + 4Ae^{4x} + 16Axe^{4x}$
 $= 8Ae^{4x} + 16Axe^{4x}$

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$$\textcircled{4} \quad y''_c - 16y_c = 8Ae^{4x} + 16Ax e^{4x} - 16Ax e^{4x} = 2e^{4x}$$

$$\Rightarrow 8Ae^{4x} = 2e^{4x} \Rightarrow \boxed{A = \frac{1}{4}}$$

$$\textcircled{5} \quad y = c_1 e^{4x} + c_2 e^{-4x} + \frac{1}{4} x e^{4x}$$

$$\textcircled{4} \quad \textcircled{1} \quad y''_{II} + y' - 6y = 0 \Rightarrow (D^2 + D - 6)y = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow (D+3)(D-2)y_H \Rightarrow D = -3, 2$$

$$\therefore \boxed{y_H = c_1 e^{-3x} + c_2 e^{2x}}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \quad \boxed{y_c = Ax + B} \quad \nearrow \textcircled{3} \checkmark$$

$$\textcircled{4} \quad y'_c = A \quad y''_c = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow 0 + A - 6Ax - 6B = 2x$$

$$\Rightarrow (A - 6B) - 6Ax = 2x$$

$$\Rightarrow A = \frac{1}{3} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{3} - 6B = 0 \Rightarrow B = \frac{1}{18}$$

$$\therefore y_c = \frac{1}{3}x + \frac{1}{18}$$

$$\textcircled{5} \quad \boxed{y = c_1 e^{-3x} + c_2 e^{2x} + \frac{1}{3}x + \frac{1}{18}}$$

$$19) \textcircled{1} (D^2 + 2D + 1) y_H = 0 \Rightarrow (D+1)^2 y_H = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow D = -1, -1 \Rightarrow \boxed{y_H = c_1 e^{-x} + c_2 x e^{-x}} \quad \leftarrow \textcircled{3} \checkmark$$

$$\textcircled{2} \boxed{y_C = A \sin(x) + B \cos(x) + C \sin(2x) + D \cos(2x)}$$

$$\textcircled{4} y_C' = A \cos(x) - B \sin(x) + 2C \cos(2x) - 2D \sin(2x)$$

$$y_C'' = -A \sin(x) - B \cos(x) - 4C \sin(2x) - 4D \cos(2x)$$

$$y_C'' + 2y_C' + y_C =$$

$$\begin{aligned} & -A \sin(x) - B \cos(x) - 4C \sin(2x) - 4D \cos(2x) \\ & + 2A \cos(x) - 2B \sin(x) + 4C \cos(2x) - 4D \sin(2x) \\ & + A \sin(x) + B \cos(x) + C \sin(2x) + D \cos(2x) \end{aligned}$$

$$= (-A - 2B + A) \sin(x) + (-B + 2A + B) \cos(x)$$

$$+ (-4C + 4D + C) \sin(2x) + (-4D + 4C + D) \cos(2x)$$

$$\begin{aligned} & = -2B \sin(x) + 2A \cos(x) + (-3C + 4D) \sin(2x) + (-3D + 4C) \cos(2x) \\ & = \sin(x) + 3 \cos(2x) \end{aligned}$$

$$\Rightarrow -2B = 1 \Rightarrow B = -\frac{1}{2}$$

$$2A = 0 \Rightarrow A = 0$$

$$-3C + 4D = 0 \Rightarrow -12C + 16D = 0$$

$$4C - 3D = 3 \quad \underline{12C - 9D = 9}$$

$$-25D = 9 \quad D = -\frac{9}{25}$$

$$\Rightarrow -3C = \frac{36}{25} \Rightarrow C = -\frac{12}{25}$$

$$\therefore y_c = -\frac{1}{2} \cos(x) + \frac{12}{25} \sin(2x) + \frac{9}{25} \cos(2x)$$

⑤

$$\Rightarrow y = c_1 e^{-x} + c_2 x e^{-x} - \frac{1}{2} \cos(x) + \frac{12}{25} \sin(2x) - \frac{9}{25} \cos(2x)$$

28) ① $(2D^2 + 3D - 2)y_H = 0$

$$(2D - 1)(D + 2) = 0 \Rightarrow D = \frac{1}{2}, -2$$

$$y_H = c_1 e^{\frac{1}{2}x} + c_2 e^{-2x}$$

③ ✓

② $y_c = Ax^2 + Bx + C$

⑥ $y_c' = 2Ax + B$

$$y_c'' = 2A$$

$$\Rightarrow 2y_c'' + 3y_c' - 2y_c = 14x^2 - 4x - 11$$

$$\Rightarrow 4A + 6Ax + 3B - 2Ax^2 - 2Bx - 2C = 14x^2 - 4x - 11$$

$$-2A = 14 \Rightarrow A = -7$$

$$6A - 2B = -4 \Rightarrow -42 - 2B = -4 \Rightarrow -2B = 38 \Rightarrow B = -19$$

$$4A + 3B - 2C = -11 \Rightarrow -28 - 57 - 2C = -11 \Rightarrow -2C = 74$$

$$\Rightarrow C = -37$$

$$\Rightarrow y_c = -7x^2 - 19x - 37$$

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$$y = c_1 e^{1/2x} + c_2 e^{-2x} - 7x^2 - 19x - 37$$

$$y(0) = c_1 + c_2 - 37 = 0 \Rightarrow c_1 + c_2 = 37$$

$$y' = \frac{1}{2}c_1 e^{1/2x} - 2c_2 e^{-2x} - 14x - 19$$

$$y'(0) = \frac{1}{2}c_1 - 2c_2 - 19 = 0 \Rightarrow \frac{1}{2}c_1 - 2c_2 = 19$$

$$\Rightarrow c_1 - 4c_2 = 38$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{array}{r} c_1 + c_2 = 37 \\ - (c_1 - 4c_2 = 38) \end{array}$$

$$5c_2 = -1 \Rightarrow \boxed{c_2 = -1/5}$$

$$c_1 = 37 + 1/5 \Rightarrow 186/5$$

$$y = \frac{186}{5} e^{1/2x} - \frac{1}{5} e^{-2x} - 7x^2 - 19x - 37$$

$$y(0) = -1/5 + 186/5 - 37 = 0 \quad \checkmark$$

$$y' = \frac{186}{10} e^{1/2x} + \frac{2}{5} e^{-2x} - 19$$

$$\Rightarrow y'(0) = \frac{186}{10} + \frac{2}{5} - 19 = 0 \quad \checkmark$$

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